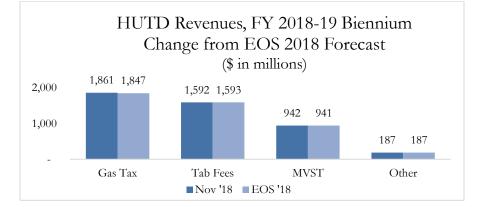


Released December 7th, 2018

# Forecast Highlights

# FY 2018-19 HUTD revenues are up \$12.9 million - 0.3 percent

Gas tax is up \$13.1 million (0.7 percent), registration tax is down \$0.8 million (0.1 percent) and motor vehicle sales tax is up \$1.0 million (0.1 percent) in the FY 2018-19 biennium compared to the End of Session (EOS) 2018 forecast.



HUTD Allocations by Fund Biennial Totals and Change from EOS '18 Forecast (\$ in millions)

Fund	FY 18-19	Change	FY 20-21	Change
Trunk Highway	2,656	7.6	2,886	24.8
CSAH	1,468	4.2	1,595	13.7
MSAS	386	1.1	419	3.6
Other (DNR, DPS, Revenue)	72	0.1	72	0.5
Total	\$4,581	\$13.1	\$4,972	\$42.6

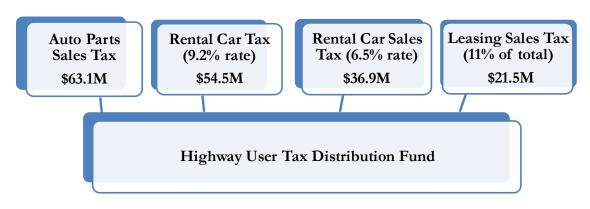
### HUTD Allocations by Fund

HUTD revenues are transferred to the Trunk Highway, County State Aid Highway (CSAH) and Municipal State Aid Street (MSAS) funds based on formulas established in the Minnesota Constitution and statute. Total HUTD revenues increased slightly in both biennia.

### New HUTD Revenues

In 2017, the Legislature statutorily dedicated several transportation related revenues, previously deposited in the General Fund, to the HUTD Fund. In the FY 2018-19 biennium, these new revenues total \$176.0 million; an approximate four percent increase to the fund. In FY 2020-21 these revenues total \$418.8; an approximate nine percent increase to the fund.

### New HUTD Revenues FY 2018-19





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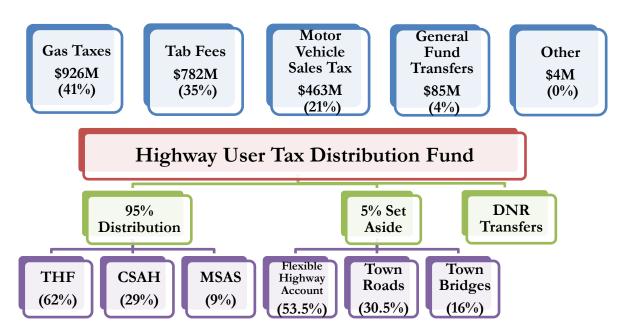
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## Introduction to Transportation Funding

MnDOT is a multimodal agency encompassing not only highway construction and maintenance but aeronautics, rail and transit activities. In consultation with the Department of Minnesota Management and Budget (MMB) and Minnesota Department of Revenue (DOR), we prepare fund statements for six transportation funds. The fund statements are prepared in November and February of each fiscal year. An additional update is prepared at the end of each legislative session (EOS) to incorporate law change impacts to the transportation funds. Comparisons made in this document to the prior forecast reflect the difference from the EOS 2018 fund statements. This document also includes information for the FY2022-23 biennium. MnDOT prepares fund statements for the following funds:

- Highway User Tax Distribution Fund (HUTD)
- Trunk Highway Fund (TH)
- County State Aid Highway Fund (CSAH)
- Municipal State Aid Street Fund (MSAS)
- Transit Assistance Fund (TAF)
- State Airports Fund (SAF)

### HUTD Sources and Uses FY 2018 Actuals (\$ in millions)



-Article XIV of the Minnesota Constitution

-General Fund Transfers include: fixed portion of sales tax on auto parts, 11 percent of total Motor Vehicle Lease Sales Tax (MVLST) and rental sales taxes (both 6.5 percent & 9.2 percent)

-DNR transfers for unrefunded gas taxes per Minn. Stat. 296A.18 (totals about 2.5 percent of gas taxes)

Note: Numbers in the text and tables may not add to the totals due to rounding. Unless otherwise noted, years used to describe the budget outlook are state fiscal years, from July 1 to June 30.

# Legal Authority for Collection of Revenue

Article XIV of the Minnesota Constitution establishes three primary sources of revenue for transportation programs that are deposited into the HUTD:

**Motor Fuel Excise Tax (Gas Tax):** The Legislature may levy an excise tax on any means or substance used for propelling vehicles on the public highways of this state. This tax is levied on gasoline, diesel fuel, compressed natural gas and a variety of other special fuels.

**Motor Vehicle Registration Tax (Tab Fees):** A tax may be put in place, by law, on motor vehicles using public streets and highways. The current passenger motor vehicle registration tax policy was instituted in 2008, wherein vehicles are taxed based on \$10 plus 1.25 percent of the vehicle's value, depreciated over time through the 10th year of registration, after which the additional tax is \$25 (\$35 total). These rates are set according to Minn. Stat. 168.013, subdivision 1a. The tax for commercial vehicles is based on vehicle weight and age.

**Motor Vehicle Sales Tax (MVST):** There is a 6.5 percent tax on the sale of new and used motor vehicles. Revenue from a tax on the sale of a new or used motor vehicle must be allocated for the following transportation purposes:

- Not more than 60 percent must be deposited in the HUTD Fund
- Not less than 40 percent must be deposited in a fund dedicated solely to public transit

Current statute: 60 percent of this revenue is deposited in the HUTD Fund and 40 percent is deposited in the TAF.

### Other Revenue:

**MVLST:** MVLST is a 6.5 percent tax on leased motor vehicles. According to Minn. Stat. 297A.815, the MVLST revenue is allocated in the following percentages beginning in FY 2018: 38 percent to CSAH, 38 percent to the TAF (Greater Minnesota Transit account), 13 percent to the Minnesota State Transportation Fund (for local bridges) and 11 percent to the HUTD.

**Sales Tax on Auto Parts:** Revenue from a portion of the general sales tax on motor vehicle repair or replacement parts must be transferred to the HUTD Fund on a monthly basis beginning in FY 2018. According to Minn. Stat. 297A.94, in FY 2018-19 the monthly deposit amount is \$2,628,000 and, subsequently, the monthly amount is \$12,137,000. Previously, this revenue remained in the General Fund.

**Rental Sales Tax:** Revenue collected for the short-term motor vehicle rental tax under Minn. Stat. 297A.64 (9.2 percent) and for the general sales tax from short-term motor vehicle rentals under Minn. Stat. 297A.62 (6.5 percent) is deposited in the HUTD Fund beginning in FY 2018 per Minn. Stat. 297A.94. Previously, this revenue remained in the General Fund.

**State Airports Fund:** The SAF receives revenue from four different dedicated revenue sources. These revenues are: sales tax on aircraft, airline flight property tax, aircraft registration tax and aviation gasoline and special fuels tax. This fund was statutorily created to carry out aviation functions in Minn. Stat. 360.017.

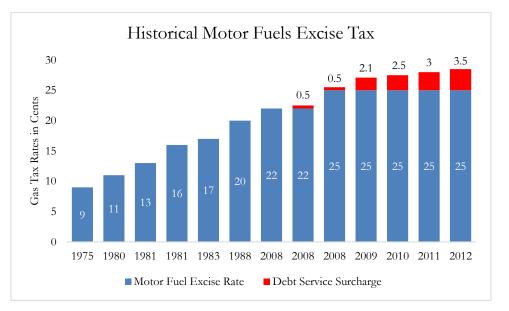
All of the funds, except the TAF, receive investment income earned on the cash balances in the funds.

Legal Citation – Quick Reference Guide			
Motor Fuel Tax	<ul> <li>Article XIV of the Minnesota Constitution</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 296A - Tax on petroleum and other fuels</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 296A.083 - Debt service surcharge</li> </ul>		
Vehicle Registration Tax	<ul><li>Article XIV of the Minnesota Constitution</li><li>Minn. Stat. 168.013 - Tax on passenger vehicles</li></ul>		
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	<ul><li>Article XIV of the Minnesota Constitution</li><li>Minn. Stat. 297B.09 - Allocation of revenue</li></ul>		
General Fund Transfers	<ul> <li>Minn. Stat. 297A.94 – Sales tax on auto parts and transfer of rental tax</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 297A.64 – Tax on rental vehicles (9.2 percent)</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 297A.62 subd. 1– Sales tax on rental vehicles (6.5 percent)</li> </ul>		
Motor Vehicle Lease Sales Tax	• Minn. Stat. 297A.815 - Allocation of revenue		
Transit Assistance Fund	<ul> <li>Minn. Stat. 297B.09 - Allocation of motor vehicle sales tax revenue</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 297A.815 - Allocation of motor vehicle lease sales tax revenue</li> </ul>		
State Airport Fund	<ul> <li>Minn. Stat. 360.017 – Creates State Airport Fund</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 270.075 – Air flight property tax</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 296A.09 – Aviation gasoline and special fuel taxes</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 360.531 – Aircraft registration taxes</li> <li>Minn. Stat. 297A.82 – Sales tax on aircraft</li> </ul>		
Transportation Fund	• Minn. Stat. 297A.815 - Allocation of motor vehicle lease sales tax revenue		

## **Revenue Forecast**

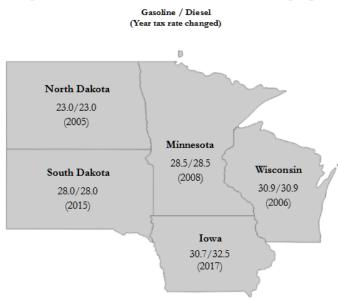
### Motor Fuel Excise Tax (Gas Tax)

The current gas tax rate in Minnesota is 28.5 cents per gallon: 25 cents plus a 3.5 cent debt service surcharge. This surcharge is intended to partially cover the debt obligations for capital projects on the trunk highway system<sup>1</sup>.



The map below provides information about how Minnesota's gas tax rates compare with those in the surrounding states and with federal tax rates:

Comparison of November 2018 Motor Fuel Tax Rates (per gallon)



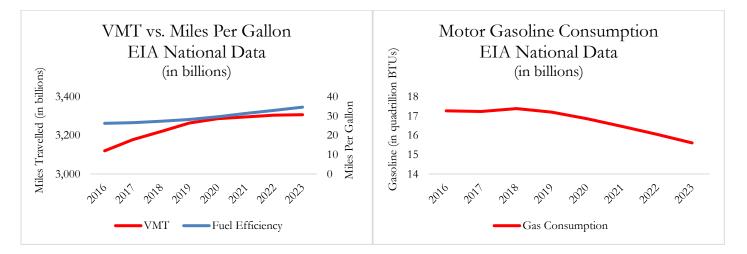
Note: Federal gas tax rate is 18.4 cents per gallon

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Authorized in the Laws of 2008, Chapter 152. The final debt service surcharge increase of a half cent was implemented on July 1, 2012.

### **Fuel Consumption Outlook**

The outlook for fuel consumption is affected by vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and the fuel efficiency of vehicles, which are impacted by:

- the economy and world oil prices
- long-term policy (e.g. corporate average fuel economy (CAFE) standards)
- consumer trends toward more fuel efficient vehicles
- utilization of other transportation options



To forecast the gas tax, MnDOT reviews regional forecast information from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), the federal agency that collects and analyzes energy information. MnDOT also consults the macroeconomic national forecast of U.S. gasoline consumption produced by IHS Markit (IHS). IHS provides economic information and analysis, and is the same macroeconomic consultant that MMB uses to assist with forecasting the General Fund. Finally, this information is compared with actual fuel consumption history in Minnesota.

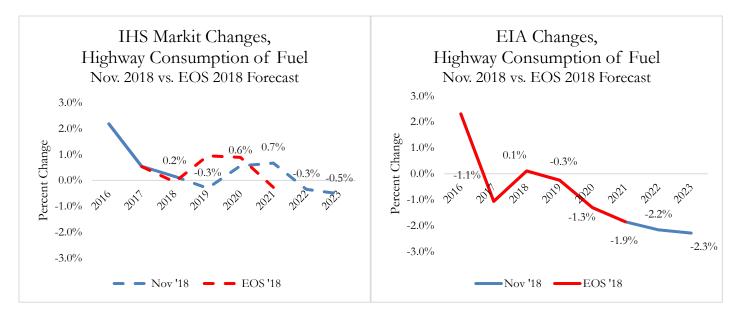
### **IHS Forecast**

The most current IHS forecast, from November 2018, projects a decrease in consumption over the forecast period as compared to the prior forecast.

### **EIA Forecast**

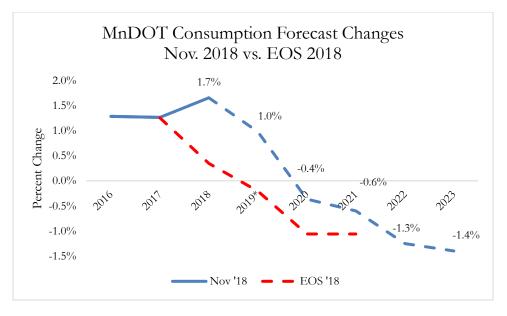
The most current forecast from EIA, the Annual Energy Outlook released once a year in January, projects declining consumption in the forecast years.

The specific forecasts are shown in the tables below:



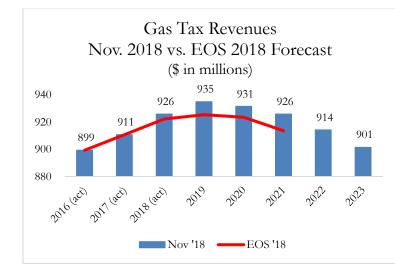
### **MnDOT Blended Average**

MnDOT uses a blended average of the consumption forecasts by EIA and IHS for the forecast period. Although the two forecasts are somewhat divergent during the forecast years, the long-term projections from both agencies are for reduced fuel consumption as vehicle fuel efficiencies increase at a faster pace than vehicle miles traveled. When combined, the year-over-year consumption projections from EIA and IHS have decreased slightly. These amounts are then multiplied by the motor fuel tax rate, resulting in the estimated revenue.



\*EIA/IHS blended average for FY 2019 of -0.3 percent was adjusted to 1.0 percent to account for actual year-to-date revenues.

For the current year, the EIA and IHS forecasts are adjusted for actual year-to-date revenues. Through October, year-to-date actual revenues are higher than the combined forecast from EIA/IHS would indicate, and slightly higher than the EOS 2018 forecast.



	Gas Tax Revenues (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change		
2016 (act)	899	899	-	0.0%		
2017 (act)	911	911	-	0.0%		
2018 (act)	926	922	3.6	0.4%		
2019	935	925	9.5	1.0%		
2020	931	923	8.0	0.9%		
2021	926	914	12.2	1.3%		
2022	914	-	-	-		
2023	901	-	-	-		

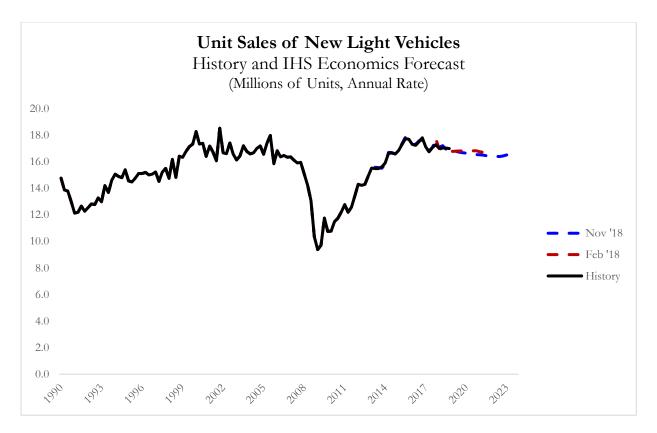
## Motor Vehicle Registration Tax (Tab Fees)

Revenue collected on passenger vehicles comprises about 80 percent of the total revenue from registration taxes, based on the value and age of the vehicle. The remaining revenue is provided primarily by taxes on commercial vehicles, such as trucks and buses. This revenue is based on weight and age of the vehicle.

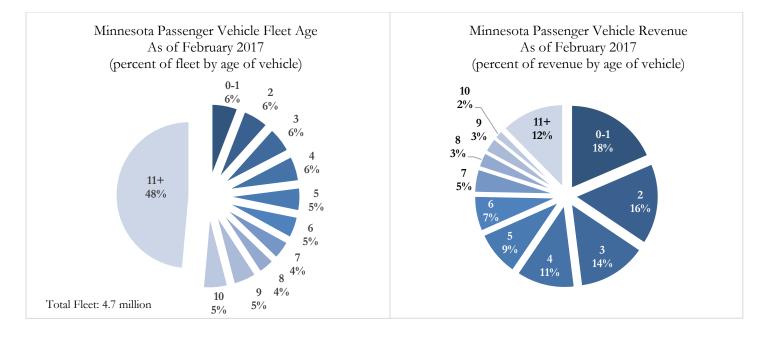
The forecast for the sale of new passenger vehicles is based on long term trends such as:

- households spending behavior
- increased length of vehicle ownership
- shrinking population of licensed drivers
- utilization of alternative transportation options

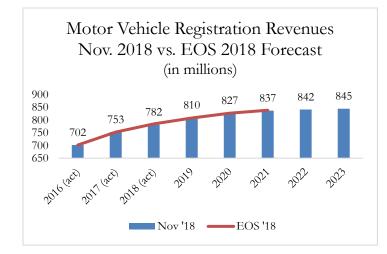
MnDOT has a model to forecast revenue from passenger vehicle sales that is largely based on the forecast of the purchase of new passenger vehicles. Forecasts of the sales of new vehicles are provided by IHS and reflect national levels.



In addition to IHS data, the forecast reflects detailed information on the state's existing fleet of vehicles by base value and age. The data is typically supplied by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) annually in February and updated for the February forecast. This forecast is based on the DPS detail from February 2017. Year-to-date revenues in FY 2019 were below the November forecast, which combined with the slightly reduced new vehicle sales projections from IHS resulted in decreased revenue projections in FY 2018-19 and FY 2020-21. MnDOT assumes that an additional \$143 million, on average, per year of registration tax revenue is received from taxes on various other types of vehicles, primarily commercial vehicles.



The current forecast of revenues is shown below:

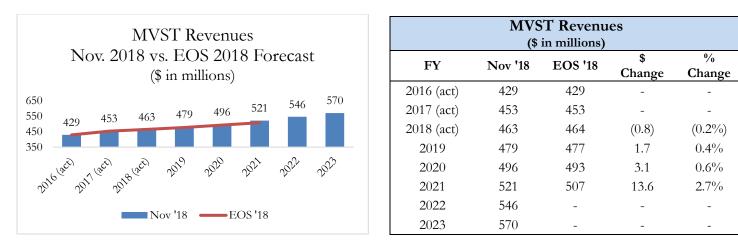


Motor Vehicle Registration Revenues (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change	
2016 (act)	702	702	-	-	
2017 (act)	753	753	-	-	
2018 (act)	782	785	(2.7)	(0.4%)	
2019	810	808	1.9	0.2%	
2020	827	827	(0.1)	(0.0%)	
2021	837	839	(1.8)	(0.2%)	
2022	842	-	-	-	
2023	845	-	-	-	

## Motor Vehicle Sales Tax (MVST)

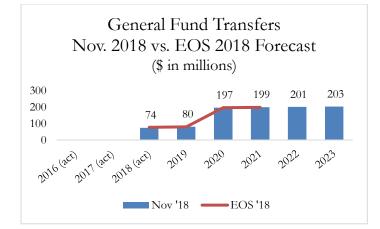
The sale of motor vehicles is exempt from the general sales tax. Instead, most vehicles are subject to a 6.5 percent motor vehicle sales tax. This includes sales by car dealers and private individuals.

DOR prepares the official forecast of this revenue, which is based on data provided by IHS. Overall, MVST revenue is projected to increase compared to the EOS 2018 forecast, in line with projected increases in GDP growth. The current forecast of revenues is shown below:



## **General Fund Revenue**

Beginning in FY 2018, a portion of general sales tax revenues was allocated to the HUTD Fund as a transfer from the General Fund. This revenue includes the 9.2 percent tax collected on short-term motor vehicle rentals and the 6.5 percent general sales tax on short-term motor vehicle rentals. The revenue collected on both taxes is forecast by MMB. A fixed portion of revenue from the general sales tax on motor vehicle repair or replacement parts is deposited in the HUTD Fund each month. This includes revenue collected on all motor vehicle parts, tires and accessories. The fixed statutory amount totals \$31.5 million annually in FY2018-19 and, beginning in FY 2020, totals \$145.6 million annually. The current forecast for these three new General Fund revenues are shown below:

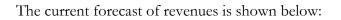


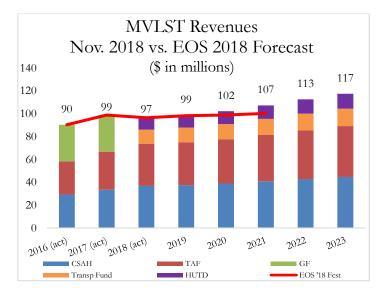
General Fund Transfers (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change	
2016 (act)	N/A	N/A	-	-	
2017 (act)	N/A	N/A	-	-	
2018 (act)	74	77	(3.0)	(3.9%)	
2019	80	80	0.7	0.9%	
2020	197	196	0.6	0.3%	
2021	199	198	0.6	0.3%	
2022	201	-	-	-	
2023	203	-	-	-	

## Motor Vehicle Lease Sales Tax (MVLST)

The MVLST forecast is prepared by the DOR. The 6.5 % sales tax is collected by the lessor and reported and paid directly to DOR. The forecast in all future years increased compared to the EOS 2018 forecast. As of FY 2018, all revenue from MVLST is reallocated for transportation purposes. MVLST revenues are deposited in the General Fund and transferred as follows at the end of the fiscal year:

- 38 percent to CSAH
- 38 percent to Greater Minnesota Transit
- 13 percent to Minnesota Transportation Fund (to be used for Local Bridge Program)
- 11 percent to the HUTD Fund (to be used for Trunk Highway Fund, CSAH, MSAS)



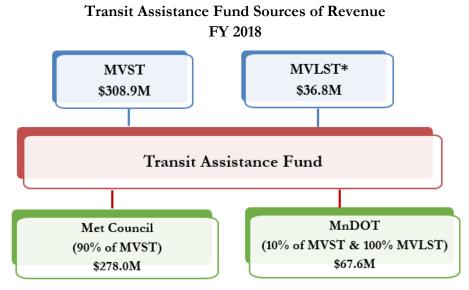


	MVLST Revenues (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change		
2016 (act)	90	90	-	-		
2017 (act)	99	99	-	-		
2018 (act)	97	97	0.2	0.2%		
2019	99	98	0.4	0.4%		
2020	102	99	3.3	3.3%		
2021	107	100	7.0	7.0%		
2022	113	-	-	-		
2023	117	-	-	-		

### Transit Assistance Fund Revenue

The TAF receives revenue from MVST and MVLST. The MVST appropriation must be at least 40 percent of the total revenue according to the Minnesota Constitution, and is currently set at 40 percent by statute (Minn. Stat.

297B.09). Of this revenue, 90 percent is allocated to metropolitan transit (36 percent of total MVST) and 10 percent is allocated to Greater Minnesota Transit (four percent of total MVST). As of FY 2018, 38 percent of all MVLST revenue is allocated to the Transit Assistance Fund for Greater Minnesota Transit. Previously, the fund received 50 percent of the total MVLST revenues above the first \$32 million that was dedicated to the General Fund.



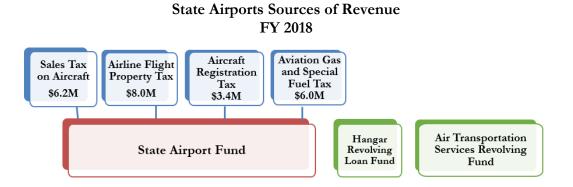
\*38 percent of MVLST is allocated to TAF.

### **State Airports Revenue**

Three funds make up the total consolidated SAF:

- State Airport Fund
- Hangar Revolving Loan Fund
- Air Transportation Services Revolving Fund

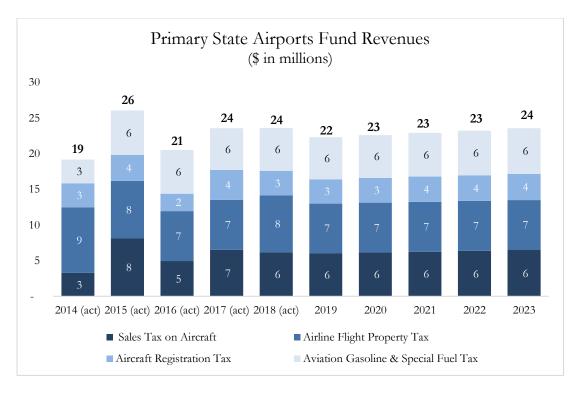
The two revolving funds (Hanger and Air Transportation Services) are not included in the consolidated fund statement ending balance because their receipts are dedicated to specific functions.



The forecast for the SAF is focused on aviation gasoline and special fuel taxes, sales taxes on aircraft, aircraft registration taxes and investment income. The forecast for sales tax on aircraft and registration taxes are both based primarily on prior history, but have varied significantly by year. The aviation fuel tax forecast uses the regional jet fuel consumption forecast from the EIA. The airline flight property tax amount is a calculation specified in Minn.

Stat. 270.075. This statute requires MnDOT to determine the amount as the difference between the "total fund appropriation and the estimated total fund revenues from other sources for the state fiscal year in which the tax is payable".

The current forecast of revenues is shown below:

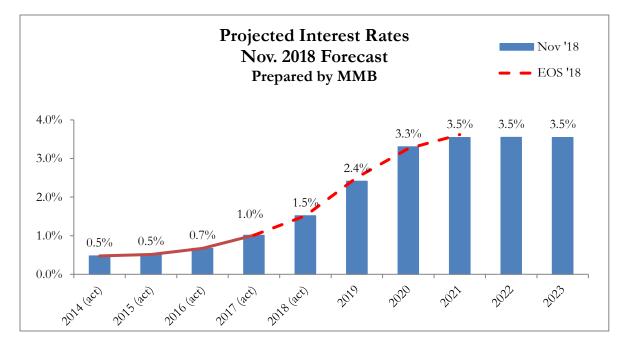


### **Investment Income**

All of the transportation funds discussed in this document, with the exception of the TAF, earn investment income on cash balances in the fund. The amount of revenue is based on the amount of cash anticipated to be in the funds and the forecast interest rates for the invested cash.

Interest rates are currently very low but have been growing; they have averaged under one percent over the past few years. The November 2018 forecast, provided by MMB, assumes that interest rates will increase as shown in the chart below.

The rates are slightly higher than EOS 2018 in all years. Cash balances in all funds are expected to be similar to the EOS 2018 forecast so the higher interest rates result in increased interest income in all funds in all years.



## **Fund Statements**

### Transfers from HUTD Fund

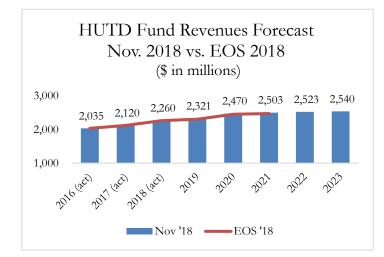
The HUTD Fund receives revenues from the three sources dedicated to highways and transit (gas tax, tab fees and MVST), as well as several minor sources of revenue. With the exception of the 40 percent of MVST dedicated to public transit, revenues from these three taxes are deposited into the HUTD Fund. In addition, beginning in FY 2018 four new revenues sources are statutorily dedicated from the General Fund to the HUTD Fund, including a fixed portion of the sales tax on auto parts, 11 percent of MVLST, and all of both the 6.5 percent and 9.2 percent tax on rental vehicles. The revenues are transferred to the TH, CSAH and MSAS Funds, with small distributions specified in statute to the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

Of the total revenue to the HUTD Fund, after distributions to the DNR, 95 percent is allocated by the following formula specified in the Minnesota Constitution (visual provided on page 3):

- TH Fund 62 percent
- CSAH Fund 29 percent
- MSAS Fund 9 percent

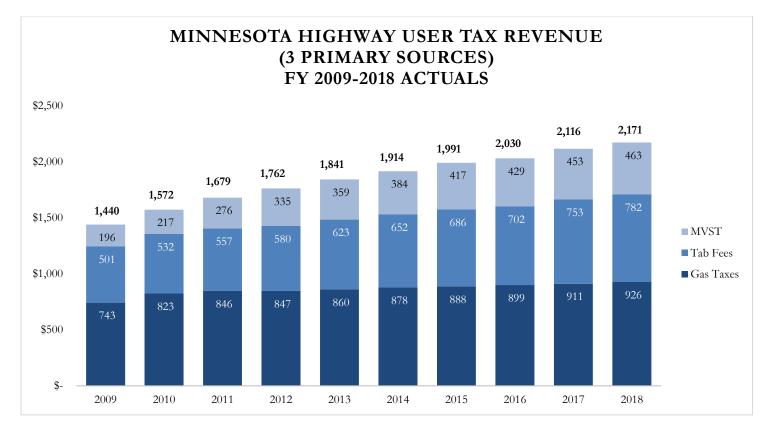
The remaining five percent, referred to as the five percent set-aside, is allocated to the CSAH Fund. This funding is further allocated to Township Roads, Township Bridges and the Flexible Highway Account.

The current forecast is shown below:



	HUTD Fund Revenues (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change		
2016 (act)	2,035	2,035	-	-		
2017 (act)	2,120	2,120	-	-		
2018 (act)	2,260	2,263	(2.8)	(0.1%)		
2019	2,321	2,306	15.6	0.7%		
2020	2,470	2,455	14.5	0.6%		
2021	2,503	2,475	28.1	1.1%		
2022	2,523	-	-	-		
2023	2,540	-	-	-		

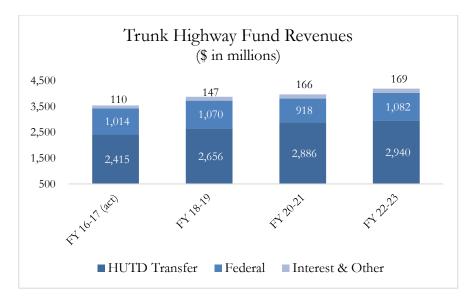
The bar chart below details a 10-year history of actual revenues for the HUTD Fund (2009-18), and the relative shares of revenue attributed to gas taxes, tab fees and MVST over that period. During the last ten years, gas taxes have decreased as a percentage of total revenue, while tab fees and MVST provide increased percentages of total revenue.



### Trunk Highway Fund

The TH Fund receives transfers from the HUTD Fund and revenue from investment income. One other substantial source of revenue is federal aid agreements with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), where reimbursements for the federal share of highway construction projects are received. The current federal authorization act, known as FAST Act, ends on September 30, 2020. While the federal government has never reduced the major federal transportation spending programs in the past, the potential for Minnesota to receive less federal funds in the future is increasingly likely. Over the forecast period, the estimated reimbursements vary each year based on the projected mix of state and federal funds on projects.

In addition, the fund receives revenues and transfers from several other smaller sources. For FY 2018-21, 71 percent of resources are transfers from the HUTD Fund, 25 percent of resources are federal aid agreements and 4 percent of resources are other sources such as investment income.



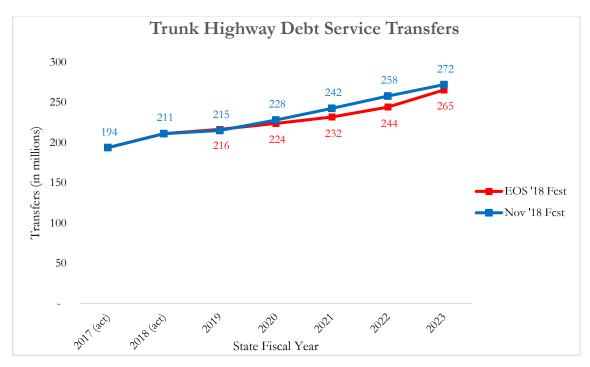
The current forecast, by biennium, is shown below:

## Debt Service - Trunk Highway Fund

The forecast for expenditures is generally based on the previously enacted biennial budget, so there are typically no significant changes in forecasted spending. However, the TH Fund has unique constitutional authority to sell authorized Trunk Highway bonds<sup>2</sup>. The debt service on these bonds (payment of principal and interest) is specified as the first obligation of the fund. The biennial budget includes appropriation amounts for debt service, but the law also states that any increase in the amount of estimated debt service is to be transferred, because there is a statutory open appropriation for trunk highway debt service.

Since the EOS 2018 forecast, the debt service estimates for future years have increased slightly. The primary change is a decrease in the projected premiums received on future bond sales due to higher projected interest costs on the bonds. Cash flow estimates, used in forecasting future bond sales and debt service amounts, are revised for scheduled bond sales and also impact the estimated debt service payments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Article XIV, section 11 of the Minnesota Constitution



The graph below depicts the debt service transfer amounts by year, compared to the EOS 2018 forecast:

MnDOT's TH Fund is governed by four financial policies: Debt Management, Fund Balance, Cash Balance and Advance Construction (a link to all of the policies is included in the appendices index). The Debt Management Policy states that debt service should not exceed 20 percent of annual state revenues to the TH Fund<sup>3</sup>. This includes transfers to the state bond fund for debt service on Trunk Highway bonds, repayments of local government advances (LGA) in accordance with Minn. Stat. 161.361 and Transportation Revolving Loan Fund (TRLF) repayments in accordance with Minn. Stat. 161.04, subdivision 4.

Our debt management policy estimates include FY 2024-25 to be consistent with the approach MMB uses when publishing the Debt Capacity Forecast. The table below demonstrates that estimated debt service costs from the TH Fund range between 16 percent and over 18 percent through the end of FY 2025, increasing each year and peaking at 18.3 percent in FY 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Developed to comply with Minn. Stat. 167.60

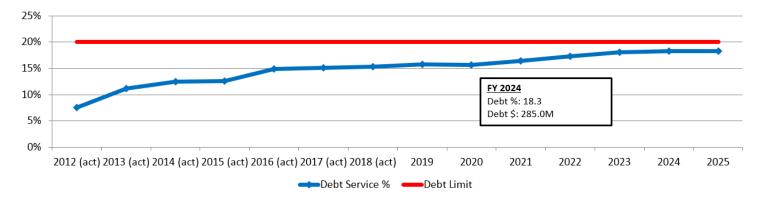
Debt Management I oney								
	(\$ in millions)							
Year	Total Debt Service (1)	Estimated Current %	Variance from 20% Policy Limit (2)					
2014 (act)	144.2	12.5%	87.4					
2015 (act)	157.0	12.6%	92.2					
2016 (act)	183.2	14.9%	62.9					
2017 (act)	195.7	15.1%	63.2					
2018 (act)	211.4	15.3%	65.0					
2019	224.4	15.8%	59.7					
2020	237.4	15.7%	65.7					
2021	251.8	16.4%	55.5					
2022	267.3	17.2%	42.7					
2023	281.3	18.0%	30.5					
2024	285.0	18.3%	26.8					
2025	284.8	18.3%	27.0					

# **Debt Management Policy**

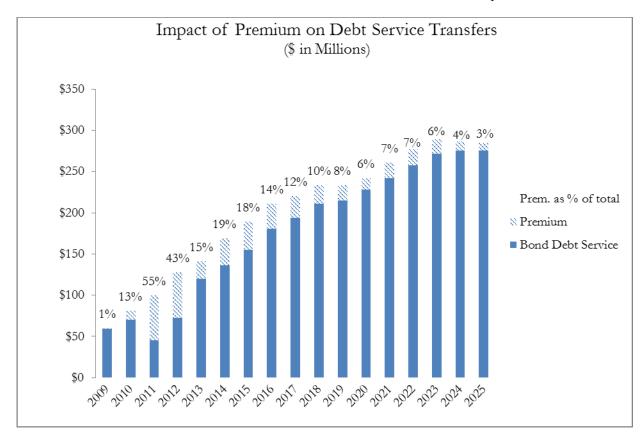
(1) Includes bond debt transfers, transportation revolving loans and local government advances.

(2) Represents amount of additional debt service to reach 20 percent limit – a general guideline is to multiply this amount by 10 for an estimate of the additional bond capacity e.g.  $$27.0M \times 10 = $270M$  in additional bond capacity.

The graph below depicts the debt service estimates compared with the policy limit for the forecast period:



As MnDOT manages to this policy, there are variables to the debt management calculation outside of the agency's control. One of the largest variables is interest rate fluctuation, which can lead to large debt service expenditure fluctuations. Due to low interest rates, the fund balance has benefited the past several years. When bond interest rates drop below 5 percent, Trunk Highway General Obligation bonds command a premium which is accounted for in the year of sale. Therefore, debt service is lower the year the bonds are sold, but this decrease is then offset over the 20 year life of the bonds. In recent years, MnDOT's debt has increased primarily as a result of large bonding programs in 2008 (Laws of 2008, Chapter 152 - \$1.8 billion) as well as bonding from subsequent years, including 2017 (Laws of 2017, First Special Session, Chapter 3 - \$940 million) and 2018 (Laws of 2018, Chapter 214 - \$416 million). MnDOT anticipates bond sales from the 2008 program to end in FY 2022 and sales from all current authorized debt to end in FY 2026.



The bar chart below illustrates the reduction to debt service as the result of bond sale premiums:

### Fund Balance Impacts

The table below summarizes the impacts on the TH Fund balance for the revenue and expenditure forecasts previously discussed (amounts in millions).

	FY18-19	FY20-21
Transfers from HUTD	7.6	24.8
Federal Aid Agreements	3.7	(198.4)
Interest	(0.0)	1.6
Other Revenues and Transfers	24.8	22.3
Prior Year Adjustments	63.4	60.0
Total Revenue and Transfer Impact	99.5	(89.6)
Transportation Expenditures		
Other Agencies	(14.8)	15.0
Debt Service Transfer	(1.4)	14.9
Total Expenditure and Transfer Impact	(16.2)	29.9
Fund Balance Change	115.6	(119.5)
Total Cumulative Change	115.6	(3.9)
EOS '18 Forecast	133.7	408.1
Nov '18 Forecast	249.3	404.3
Change	115.6	(3.9)
Reserved Fund Balance (Nov '18)	92.4	103.5
Unreserved Fund Balance (Nov '18)	156.9	300.7

### County State Aid Highway (CSAH) Fund

The CSAH Fund receives transfers from the HUTD Fund and revenues from investment income and MVLST. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 162 provides the criteria by which funds are allocated to statutory accounts within the CSAH fund and Minnesota's 87 counties. Beginning in 2016, estimated revenues for counties are split between "apportionment sum" and "excess sum" based on fixed percentages. 68 percent is allocated to apportionment sum and 32 percent is allocated to excess sum. These two amounts are then allotted to counties using different formulas specified in statute. These allotments are calculated each year based primarily on revenue estimates for the CSAH Fund.

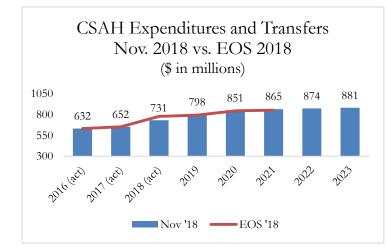
The portion of revenue received from MVLST is allocated to five of the seven metropolitan counties, excluding Hennepin and Ramsey counties. These funds are added to the regular allocation for these counties.

These allocations also include the five percent set-aside portion of the total revenues from the HUTD Fund. The Constitution allows the legislature to allocate this five percent in a manner different from the constitutional formula (62 percent to the TH Fund, 29 percent to the CSAH Fund and nine percent to the MSAS Fund). The current allocation is 100 percent to the CSAH Fund (Minn. Stat. 161.081). This funding is further allocated to Township Roads (30.5 percent), Township Bridges (16.0 percent) and the Flexible Highway Account (53.5 percent). The portion allocated to the Flexible Highway Account is also available for transfer to the TH and MSAS Funds, if so designated in the appropriation law. Any transfers authorized by the current appropriation law are included in the totals shown below.

The CSAH Fund is directly appropriated based on the most current revenue forecast at the time the biennial budget is prepared. The <u>Commissioner's Order</u> (http://www.dot.state.mn.us/safinance/appmt/commorder2018.pdf) is on a calendar year basis and allocates the funds based on revenue estimates in the preceding November forecast each year. The result is an increase or decrease to the direct appropriation amount each year after the Commissioner's Order is executed in January.

### **CSAH Expenditure Forecast**

Once allocations are made to the counties the funds are considered committed. Actual spending is at the discretion of the counties, with guidance from MnDOT's State Aid Division.



CSA	CSAH Expenditures and Transfers (\$ in millions)					
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change		
2016 (act)	632	632	-	-		
2017 (act)	652	652	-	-		
2018 (act)	731	777	(45.5)	(5.9%)		
2019	798	793	5.0	0.6%		
2020	851	844	7.3	0.9%		
2021	865	853	12.0	1.4%		
2022	874	-	-	-		
2023	881	-	-	-		

The current forecast is shown below:

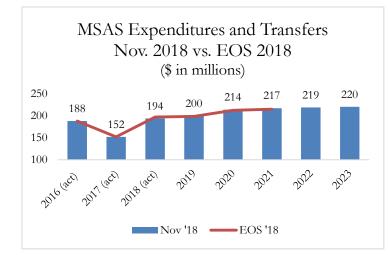
## Municipal State Aid Street (MSAS) Fund

The MSAS Fund receives transfers from the HUTD Fund, authorized transfers from the CSAH Fund and revenues from investment income. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 162 provides the criteria by which funds are allocated to statutory accounts within the MSAS fund and to each of the Minnesota State Aid cities defined as having a population of 5,000 or greater. The allocations are calculated based primarily on revenue estimates for the MSAS Fund, not including transfers from the CSAH Fund.

The MSAS Fund is also directly appropriated based on the most current revenue forecast at the time the biennial budget is prepared. The <u>Commissioner's Order</u> (http://www.dot.state.mn.us/safinance/appmt/commorder2018.pdf) is on a calendar year basis and allocates the funds based on revenue estimates in the preceding November forecast each year. The result is an increase or decrease to the direct appropriation amount each year after the Commissioner's Order is executed in January.

### **MSAS** Expenditure Forecast

Once allocations are made to the municipalities, the funds are considered committed. Actual spending is at the discretion of the municipalities, with guidance from MnDOT's State Aid Division.

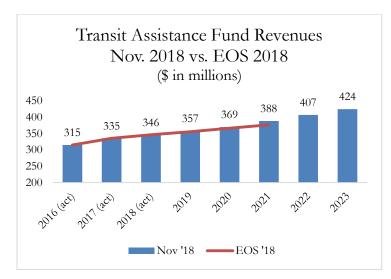


MSA	MSAS Expenditures and Transfers (\$ in millions)				
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change	
2016 (act)	188	188	-	-	
2017 (act)	152	152	-	-	
2018 (act)	194	197	(3.5)	(1.8%)	
2019	200	198	1.2	0.6%	
2020	214	212	1.4	0.7%	
2021	217	215	2.3	1.1%	
2022	219	-	-	-	
2023	220	-	-	-	

The current forecast is shown below:

### Transit Assistance Fund (TAF)

Beginning in FY 2018, 38 percent of MVLST revenue is allocated to the TAF – Greater Minnesota Transit account. In previous years, half of the MVLST revenues (net of \$32 million that remained in the General Fund) were allocated to this fund. The fund also receives 40 percent of MVST revenues.



Transit Assistance Funds Revenues (\$ in millions)											
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change							
2016 (act)	315	315	-	-							
2017 (act)	335	335	-	-							
2018 (act)	346	346	(0.5)	(0.1%)							
2019	357	355	1.3	0.4%							
2020	369	366	3.3	0.9%							
2021	388	376	11.7	3.1%							
2022	407	-	-	-							
2023	424	-	-	-							

The total estimated revenue for the TAF is shown below:

Of this total revenue, the estimated revenue for the Greater Minnesota portion of the TAF is shown below:



Greater Minnesota Transit Revenues (\$ in millions)										
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change						
2016 (act)	58	58	-	-						
2017 (act)	64	64	-	-						
2018 (act)	68	68	0.0	0.0%						
2019	69	69	0.3	0.4%						
2020	72	70	1.5	2.1%						
2021	76	72	3.6	5.0%						
2022	79	-	-	-						
2023	83	-	-	-						

### Transit Assistance Fund Expenditure Forecast

MVST revenues are statutorily appropriated. The share allocated to metropolitan transit is appropriated to the Metropolitan Council, and the share allocated to Greater Minnesota transit is appropriated to MnDOT. For the Metropolitan Council allocation, this means that forecast revenues are typically the same as forecast expenditures in the fund statement. For the MnDOT allocation, a spending plan was developed by the Transit Office to spend down the available resources over the next four years. For MVLST, because revenue is not transferred until the following fiscal year, the amount estimated for the current year is shown as an appropriation carry forward into the next year.

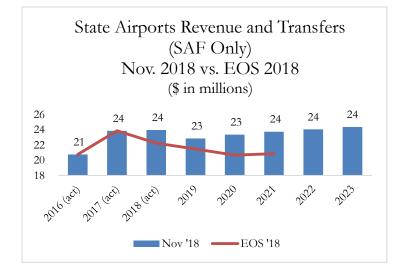
### Account Balance Policy

A Greater Minnesota Transit Account policy was developed in 2018 to provide an appropriate amount of reserves in the fund to protect against significant shifts in revenue or spending.

### State Airports Fund (SAF)

The SAF receives revenues from aviation gasoline and special fuel taxes, aircraft registration taxes, sales taxes on aircraft and other small sources such as investment income. These revenues must be sufficient to support the direct appropriations from the Legislature, which are used to carry out aviation functions such as airport development and assistance grants, aeronautic planning, administration and operations.

The total estimated revenues and transfers for the SAF are shown below (note these amounts reflect only the State Airports Fund, and do not include the activity in the two revolving funds):



State Airports Fund Revenues and Transfers (\$ in millions)										
FY	Nov '18	EOS '18	\$ Change	% Change						
2016 (act)	21	21	-	-						
2017 (act)	24	24	-	-						
2018 (act)	24	22	1.8	8.3%						
2019	23	21	2.2	10.5%						
2020	23	20	2.9	14.2%						
2021	24	20	3.6	17.9%						
2022	24	-	-	-						
2023	24	-	-	-						

### **Fund Balance Policy**

A State Airports Fund Balance policy exists to provide an appropriate level of reserve in the SAF to protect against major fluctuations in revenue.

## Appendices

Appendix 1:	Highway User Tax Distribution Fund Statement
Appendix 2:	Trunk Highway Fund Statement
Appendix 3:	County State Aid Highway Fund Statement
Appendix 4:	Municipal State Aid Street Fund Statement
Appendix 5:	Transit Assistance Fund Statement
Appendix 6:	State Airports Fund Statement
Appendix 7:	Minnesota Highway User Tax Revenue – Percentage of Total Revenues
Appendix 8:	HUTD Revenues Year-over-Year Growth Percentage Trend
Policy Links:	Policy Links

## Contacts

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2018 November - Transportation

					vember 2018 For ison to EOS 2018							
November 2018 Forecast Change from EOS 2018												
(\$ in thousands)	Close	Close	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Balance Forward from Prior Year	\$11,617	\$11,042	\$11,403	\$12,050	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	-	50	-	-
Prior Year Adjustments	(2,341)	(28)	177	-	-	-	-	-	177	-	-	-
Adjusted Balance Forward	9,276	11,014	11,581	12,050	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	177	50	-	-
Net Revenue and Transfers-In												
Motor Fuel Excise Tax	899,251	910,640	925,737	934,800	931,400	925,800	914,200	901,400	3,637	9,500	8,000	12,200
Motor Vehicle Registration Tax	701,635	752,676	781,867	810,200	826,900	836,900	841,800	844,500	(2,733)	1,900	(100)	(1,800)
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	428,831	452,578	463,435	478,920	495,780	521,100	545 <i>,</i> 820	569,640	(785)	1,740	3,060	13,620
Sales Tax on Auto Parts	-	-	31,536	31,536	145,644	145,644	145,644	145,644	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Rental Tax (9.2%)	-	-	25,927	28,570	29,957	31,269	32,544	33,846	(813)	410	377	329
Motor Vehicle Rental Tax (6.5%)	-	-	16,706	20,185	21,165	22,092	22,993	23,913	(2,184)	295	265	232
Leased Vehicle Sales Tax	-	-	10,641	10,857	11,242	11,803	12,375	12,914	26	44	363	770
Other Income	5,035	3,630	4,471	6,220	7,655	8,084	8,089	8,092	93	1,746	2,579	2,718
Total Net Revenue and Transfers-In	2,034,751	2,119,524	2,260,320	2,321,288	2,469,743	2,502,692	2,523,465	2,539,949	(2,759)	15,635	14,544	28,069
Expenditures and Transfers-Out												
Appropriations to MnDOT, Revenue, DPS	2,962	3,366	11,746	13,890	12,219	13,502	12,238	13,513	(1,048)	1,066	(619)	655
TransfersDNR	22,514	22,800	23,028	23,329	23,392	23,277	23,059	22,752	(51)	171	220	256
Transfers5% Set-Aside	100,375	104,648	111,254	114,206	121,707	123,296	124,408	125,184	(77)	722	747	1,358
TransfersCounty State-Aid Highway	553,069	576,613	613,009	629,275	670,603	679,359	685,490	689,765	(422)	3,980	4,117	7,482
TransfersMunicipal State-Aid Highway	171,642	178,949	190,244	195,292	208,118	210,836	212,738	214,065	(131)	1,235	1,278	2,322
TransfersTrunk Highway Other	1,182,423	1,232,758	1,310,570	1,345,346	1,433,704	1,452,423	1,465,531	1,474,670	(902)	8,510	8,801	15,996
Otter		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out	2,032,986	2,119,135	2,259,851	2,321,338	2,469,743	2,502,692	2,523,465	2,539,949	(2,631)	15,685	14,544	28,069
Ending Balance	\$11,042	\$11,403	\$12,050	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$12,000	50	-	-	-

Highway User Tax Distribution Fund

Beginning in FY 2016, the ending balance in all forecast years will equal \$12 million, to align with MnDOT practices to maintain positive cash and fund balances

					to EOS 2018 Forecas							
November 2018 Forecast Change from EOS 2018												
(\$ in thousands)	Close	Close	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Balance Forward from Prior Year	\$275,790	\$381,830	\$376,507	\$436,605	\$249,295	\$294,962	\$404,225	\$576,557	-	299,832	115,624	39,250
Prior Year Adjustments	30,857	41,612	33,366	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	33,366	30,000	30,000	30,000
Adjusted Balance Forward	306,647	423,441	409,872	466,605	279,295	324,962	434,225	606,557	33,366	329,832	145,624	69,250
Net Revenue and Transfers-In												
Transfer from HUTD	1,182,423	1,232,758	1,310,570	1,345,346	1,433,704	1,452,423	1,465,531	1,474,670	(902)	8,510	8,801	15,996
Federal Aid Agreements	426,391	587,537	601,332	468,175	440,995	476,995	540,995	540,995	93,732	(90,000)	(117,180)	(81,180)
Other Income and Transfers-In	48,008	61,569	71,558	75,240	81,936	83,883	84,141	84,379	13,985	10,760	12,243	11,693
Total Net Revenue and Transfers-In	1,656,822	1,881,864	1,983,461	1,888,761	1,956,635	2,013,301	2,090,667	2,100,044	106,815	(70,730)	(96,135)	(53,490)
Expenditures and Transfers-Out												
Transportation Department	1,307,532	1,624,366	1,640,971	1,775,071	1,600,144	1,575,897	1,575,927	1,571,625	(156,578)	141,780	7,070	7,957
Public Safety and Other Depts.	93,382	110,895	104,748	116,096	112,905	115,881	114,656	116,756	(3,074)	3,074	(1,050)	1,050
Transfers-Out and Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	180,725	193,539	211,009	214,903	227,919	242,259	257,751	271,833	-	(1,376)	4,218	10,662
Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out	1,581,640	1,928,799	1,956,728	2,106,070	1,940,968	1,934,037	1,948,335	1,960,216	(159,652)	143,478	10,238	19,669
Balance Before Reserves	381,830	376,507	436,605	249,295	294,962	404,225	576,557	746,385	299,832	115,624	39,250	(3,909)
Ending Balance	\$381,830	\$376,507	\$436,605	\$249,295	\$294,962	\$404,225	\$576,557	\$746,385	299,832	115,624	39,250	(3,909)
Reserved Fund Balance per Policy	85,142	84,616	90,633	92,421	100,271	103,511	99,884	95,997	785	1,156	1,263	1,661
Unreserved Fund Balance per Policy	296,687	291,891	345,972	156,874	194,691	300,715	476,674	650,388	299,047	114,468	37,988	(5,570)
Debt Service Percentage Compared to State Revenue	14.9%	15.1%	16.0%	15.8%	15.7%	16.4%	17.4%	18.3%	-0.2%	-0.3%	0.1%	0.4%

Trunk Highway Fund

2018 November - Transportation

Reserved Fund Balance reflects reserved amounts to mitigate risk from state revenue fluctuations, federal funding uncertainty, severe winters, etc. Unreserved Fund Balance reflects amounts available to be appropriated for specific purposes

November 2018 Forecast Comparison to EOS 2018 Forecast November 2018 Forecast Change from EOS 2018 (\$ in thousands) Close Close Close Budget Planning Est Planning Est Planning Est Planning Est Close Budget Planning Est Planning Est FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2021 Balance Forward from Prior Year \$508,749 \$563,509 \$631,865 \$673,186 \$673,179 \$673,176 \$673,169 \$673,156 -45,643 45,636 45,633 Prior Year Adjustments 246 165 165 139 \_ \_ Adjusted Balance Forward 508,889 563,754 632,030 673,186 673,179 673,176 673,169 673,156 165 45,643 45,636 45,633 Net Revenue and Transfers-In Leased Vehicle Sales Tax 40,774 91 29,171 33,388 36,761 37,506 38,836 42,750 44,612 152 1,254 2,660 197 Other Income 3,583 5,917 9,270 14,689 19,947 21,327 21,351 21,347 418 1,215 540 Transfer from HUTD 653,444 681,261 724,263 743,481 792,310 802,655 809,899 814,949 (499) 4,703 4,864 8,840 Transfer from General 2,000 2,000 \_ -Total Net Revenue and Transfers-In 686,199 720,565 772,294 797,676 851,093 864,756 874,000 880,908 11 12,040 5,052 7,333 **Expenditures and Transfers-Out** 846,210 855,238 11,724 Grants to Local Governments 621,664 641,945 720,530 780,917 833,025 861,982 (40,623) 4,895 7,107 MnDOT Administrative and Research 16,690 277 9,880 10,479 10,558 17,995 18,476 18,699 18,863 (4,865) 118 183 Transfers to MSAS Fund --30 76 20 **Transfers to Special Revenue** 35 51 76 76 76 76 46 46 46 Transfers to Trunk Highway Fund -\_ . -Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out 652,454 731,138 874,013 880,921 12,046 631,579 797,683 851,096 864,762 (45,467) 5,059 7,336 Balance Before Reserves 563,509 631,865 673,186 673,179 673,176 673,169 673,156 673,143 45,643 45,636 45,633 45,627 Less Appropriation Carryforward 563,509 631,865 673,186 673,179 673,176 673,169 673,156 673,143 45,643 45,636 45,633 45,627 Ending Balance -\_ \_ -\_ -\_ ---

County State Aid Fund

# 2018 November -Transportation

### 2018 November - Transportation

					November 201 nparison to EOS	8 Forecast						
November 2018 Forecast Change from EOS 2018												
(\$ in thousands)	Close	Close	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Balance Forward From Prior Year	\$167,954	\$152,926	\$181,968	\$181,431	\$181,430	\$181,428	\$181,427	\$181,423	-	3,462	3,461	3,460
Prior Year Adjustments	42	81	53	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-
Adjusted Balance Forward	167,996	153,008	182,021	181,431	181,430	181,428	181,427	181,423	53	3,462	3,461	3,460
Net Revenue and Transfers-In :												
Other Income	1,286	1,876	2,804	4,252	5,715	6,100	6,106	6,105	89	(79)	161	(47)
Transfer From HUTD	171,642	178,949	190,244	195,292	208,118	210,836	212,738	214,065	(131)	1,235	1,278	2,322
Transfer From CSAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Revenue and Transfers In	172,928	180,824	193,048	199,544	213,833	216,936	218,844	220,170	(42)	1,156	1,439	2,275
Expenditures and Transfers-Out												
Grants to Local Governments	184,751	148,677	190,378	194,569	208,536	211,505	213,362	214,652	(1,909)	1,110	1,381	2,200
MnDOT Administrative and Research	3,237	3,177	3,245	4,952	5,275	5,408	5,462	5,497	(1,549)	32	44	62
Transfers to Special Revenue	10	9	16	24	24	24	24	24	7	15	15	15
Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out	187,998	151,864	193,639	199,545	213,835	216,937	218,848	220,173	(3,451)	1,157	1,440	2,276
Balance before Reserves	152,926	181,968	181,431	181,430	181,428	181,427	181,423	181,420	3,462	3,461	3,460	3,458
Less Appropriation Carryforward	152,926	181,968	181,431	181,430	181,428	181,427	181,423	181,420	3,462	3,461	3,460	3,458
Ending Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Municipal State Aid Fund

#### 2018 November - Transportation

### Transit Assistance Fund November 2018 Forecast Comparison to EOS 2018 Forecast

Appendix 5

	November 2018 Forecast								Change from EOS 2018				
(\$ in thousands)	Close	Close	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	
Balance Forward from Prior Year	\$56,246	\$69,634	\$71,445	\$53,073	\$47,490	\$43,585	\$45,133	\$47,263	-	(1,343)	(4,092)	(4,427)	
Prior Year Adjustments	672	2,766	2,406	-	-	-	-	-	2,406	-	-	-	
Adjusted Balance Forward	56,917	72,399	73,851	53,073	47,490	43,585	45,133	47,263	2,406	(1,343)	(4,092)	(4,427)	
Net Revenue and Transfers-In													
Metropolitan Area Transit Account	257,099	271,535	278,035	287,352	297,468	312,660	327,492	341,784	(497)	1,044	1,836	8,172	
Greater Minnesota Transit Account	28,567	30,171	30,888	31,928	33,052	34,740	36,388	37,976	(60)	116	204	908	
Total Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	285,665	301,706	308,923	319,280	330,520	347,400	363,880	379,760	(557)	1,160	2,040	9,080	
Leased Vehicle Sales Tax	29,171	33,388	36,761	37,506	38,836	40,774	42,750	44,612	91	152	1,254	2,660	
Total Net Revenue and Transfers-In	314,836	335,094	345,684	356,786	369,356	388,174	406,630	424,372	(466)	1,312	3,294	11,740	
Expenditures and Transfers-Out													
Metropolitan Council	257,172	271,535	278,040	287,369	297,468	312,660	327,492	341,784	(492)	1,061	1,836	8,172	
Transportation Department	44,948	64,513	88,422	75,000	75,793	73,966	77,008	80,513	3,775	3,000	1,793	(2,034)	
Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out	302,120	336,048	366,462	362,369	373,261	386,626	404,500	422,297	3,283	4,061	3,629	6,138	
Balance Before Reserves	69,634	71,445	53,073	47,490	43,585	45,133	47,263	49,338	(1,343)	(4,092)	(4,427)	1,175	
Less Appropriation Carryforward	69,634	33,388	36,761	37,506	38,836	40,774	42,750	44,612	91	152	1,254	2,660	
Less Met Council Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Ending Balance	-	\$38,057	\$16,311	\$9,984	\$4,749	\$4,359	\$4,513	\$4,726	(1,434)	(4,244)	(5,681)	(1,485)	

November 2018 Forecast Comparison to EOS 2018 Forecast												
November 2018 Forecast Change from EOS 2018												
(\$ in thousands)	Close	Close	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Planning Est	Close	Budget	Planning Est	Planning Est
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Balance Forward from Prior Year	\$24,346	\$17,629	\$19,222	\$13,139	\$6,510	\$9,527	\$12,910	\$16,612	-	7,740	1,316	4,547
Prior Year Adjustments	642	593	458	-	-	-	-	-	458	-	-	-
Adjusted Balance Forward	24,988	18,222	19,680	13,139	6,510	9,527	12,910	16,612	458	7,740	1,316	4,547
Net Revenue and Transfers-In												
Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales Tax on Aircraft	4,941	6,501	6,153	6,000	6,120	6,242	6,367	6,495	453	1,000	1,120	1,242
Airline Flight Property Tax	7,000	7,006	8,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	-	-	500	1,000
Aircraft Registration Tax	2,455	4,202	3,440	3,400	3,468	3,537	3,608	3,680	440	400	468	537
Gasoline & Special Fuel Tax	6,118	5,843	5,987	5,900	6,018	6,138	6,261	6,386	987	885	918	964
Other Income	955	950	1,304	1,474	1,673	1,727	1,728	1,728	171	89	96	58
Total Net Revenue and Transfers-In	21,469	24,503	24,883	23,774	24,279	24,645	24,964	25,289	2,050	2,374	3,102	3,802
Expenditures and Transfers-Out												
Transportation Department	29,074	23,907	31,767	29,972	21,662	21,662	21,662	21,662	(4,843)	8,325	315	315
Total Expenditures and Transfers-Out	29,074	23,907	31,767	30,003	21,662	21,662	21,662	21,662	(4,843)	8,356	315	315
Net Change in Loan Fund	246	405	344	(400)	400	400	400	400	389	(442)	445	358
Balance Before Reserves	17,629	19,222	13,139	6,510	9,527	12,910	16,612	20,639	7,740	1,316	4,547	8,392
Less Appropriation Carryforward	2,817	3,264	2,833	3,151	3,469	3,787	4,105	4,423	(327)	(51)	312	588
Ending Balance	\$14,812	\$15,957	\$10,307	\$3,359	\$6 <i>,</i> 058	\$9,123	\$12,508	\$16,217	8,066	1,366	4,235	7,804

# State Airports Fund

2018 November - Transportation

This fund statement consists of three funds: State Airports Fund, Hangar Revolving Loan Fund, and Air Transportation Services Fund.

Ending balances in the two revolving funds are not included in the consolidated fund statement ending balance since their receipts are dedicated to their specific functions.

